

GRAND RAPIDS HERALD.

NO. 18 PEARL STREET.

Exclusive Morning Service of the United Press.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.
Daily, excepting Sundays, one year \$10.00
Daily and Sundays, one year \$12.00
Daily and Sundays, per month \$1.00
Sundays, one year \$5.00
Sundays, one year \$6.00

BY CARRIER IN THE CITY.

Daily, excepting Sundays, 10 cents per week
Daily and Sundays, 12 cents per week
Sundays, one year \$5.00

TELEPHONES.

Editorial Department, 118
Business Department, 119

Parties desiring THE HERALD served at their homes can receive it by postal note or request, or order through Telephone No. 118. Where delivery is irregular, please make immediate complaint at the office.

NEW YORK OFFICE.

13 Tribune Building, N. Y. City.

FRIDAY, JUNE 2, 1903.

WEATHER BULLETIN.

WASHINGTON, June 1.—For Lower Michigan: Showers in northern portion; warmer north; southeast winds.

BRIGGS A HERETIC.

Dr. Briggs is a heretic. For years he has fought against what seemed to be a fore-ordained and pre-destined end; but the inexorable decree of Calvinism has been pronounced, and he is today without the pale of the church whose doctrines he assailed by questioning the verity of textual scriptures.

The decision of the general assembly sustaining the appeal from the verdict of the New York presbytery acquitting Dr. Briggs on a charge of heresy is a practical reversal of the rule of law which protects a man from being twice placed in jeopardy for the same offense. The law of the presbyterian church was accepted by Dr. Briggs, however, and he courted the climax now reached by some thing very like to what would be called ordinary in an unchurchly man. Upon the vote sustaining the appeal an order of expulsion from the church was formulated, and Dr. Briggs is an outcast in the religious world.

His humiliation will awaken sympathy in the hearts of the thousands to whom his teachings have been the essence of truth. He has attracted to him a legion of admirers outside of the church who will invehemently what they will be pleased to term the intolerance and bigotry of his church. But Dr. Briggs has no just reason to complain. He invited the trial of his heresy doctrine in the court of last resort. That court has decided they are subversive of the teachings of the church; out of harmony with the accepted standards of its faith and calculated to weaken and destroy faith in the rectitude of presbyterianism.

The high character, the learning and the piety of his trial jurors must constitute a sufficient bulwark against the charge of intolerance. Dr. Briggs was given opportunity to modify his expressed opinions to save him from inevitable expulsion, but he declined. The world will have its opinion of the whole matter and the world will adjust itself with little regard for Heretic Briggs or the jury that condemned him.

IS IT A GOOD LAW?

Some question as to the constitutionality of the inheritance tax law has been raised. It is claimed that being a specific tax the proceeds must be paid into the primary school fund and to paying the interest on the different educational funds, whereas the inheritance law provides that taxes raised under it shall be paid into the treasury of the state for state purposes.

It is urged that this provision being in distinct conflict with the provisions of the constitution it will invalidate the law. Possibly an inconsequential technicality of this character may defeat the salutary purposes of the law, but it is doubtful. The constitution of the states of New York and Michigan are essentially alike in all particulars. The inheritance tax law of each state is the same. The court of appeals of the state of New York has decided that the inheritance tax law is constitutional. The supreme court of Michigan would be governed by that decision because the questions which will arise, if any, will be founded upon the same relative law and constitution.

Another feature of the law, however, has apparently escaped observation. Will it compel payment of taxes on moneys paid over to the estate of decedents or to their beneficiaries under policies of life insurance? Just at the moment the text of the law is not available, but in view of the fact that this phase of it has not been discussed, it would seem to be a pertinent question. If the law will reach insurance moneys in the hands of beneficiaries, its constitutionality may be the subject for a test case on a different issue than the one presented in the New York case.

AGAINST THE METER.

Now the electric meter is under suspicion. Its elder brother, the gas meter, has stood the brunt of well-nigh universal distrust and abuse for many years, but it has continued its undeviating way upward and onward in spite of the continually heaped upon it. Today its veracity may be questioned by an obstreperously indignant consumer whom it has burned out of a summer's gas bill while his house has been closed for the season, but its honor and integrity are preserved by ascribing its falsity to faulty plumbing and enforcing payment of the bill.

The electric meter is a new fangled device to make it appear that the consumption of electricity may be reduced so to fixed quantities with molecular accuracy. It being a new machine and the electric force being as unknown and

mysterious agent, the meter has been accepted as an unimagingly accurate measure of something which is nothing and yet everything. The meter determines the amount of electricity consumed by any customer by the amount of zinc plate it disintegrates. The zinc is weighed at the end of each month, and the number of milligrams missing from its weight is turned into amperes ohms, and these again by calculation into dollars and cents. It takes two experts to work out the meter problem, one to weigh the zinc and the other to do the calculating.

A Brooklyn man disputed the "inaccuracy" of the electric meter and the Edison company brought suit to recover the amount of a bill the meter and two human assistants said he owed it. On the hearing it was proved that in June, 1901, the bill was only \$11 and in December, which included the Christmas week, \$65. At Christmas week and the week preceding it, the store was open late every night. In January it closed at 6 o'clock every evening, but the bill was \$122. The jury returned a verdict for \$32 against the defendant and costs aggregating \$119 were charged up against the meter. The jury intimated that the meter is a progressive arithmetical machine sired by a close corporation and endorsed by a suffering public.

Our gold reserve is now reduced to \$91,000,000 and the "bogus man" of the Wall street financiers has not yet "got us." Attorney General Olney has submitted an exhaustive brief on the president's power to issue bonds, and Mr. Cleveland is confirmed in his original opinion concerning the same. If an emergency shall present itself he will issue bonds to protect the reserve; but that emergency will not be deemed to be at hand until the balance in the fund is alarmingly small. That fund has been depleted nearly ten per cent for more than a month. It might stand a reduction of forty per cent without creating greater uneasiness than has been experienced since May 1.

MINISTER BLOUNT is conceded to be mindful of American interests in Hawaii. He has made public Secretary Gresham's letter of instructions issued to him as Grover's commissioner. Incidentally he has informed the Hawaiian courts that American newspaper correspondents are not amenable to the laws of foreign powers for libels printed in American newspapers.

Is the failure of the Plankinton bank of Milwaukee the expected has happened. For some time its ultimate collapse has been looked for, and its coming has caused no surprise in financial circles. The cause for the suspension is admittedly the bad banking management under which it was operated, aggravated greatly by the recent Lappen failure.

WHEELMEN are forbidden to enter the world's fair grounds on their wheels. They are compelled to pay 50 cents and enter afoot. No reason is assigned for the order shutting out wheels. It must be obvious to the wheelmen that bicycle riding on the grounds would greatly interfere with the pleasure of those who are compelled to walk.

WHEN it comes to catch-as-catch-can bouts with the Queen's English, the world's fair correspondents are acknowledged champions. But when they talk about "the incarnation of incandescence," and "the apotheosis of the Edison lamp," it is to be hoped that they have reached their linguistic limit.

FROM the eagerness with which Hawaiian annexationist newspapers receive and print under frightful headlines the flimsiest gossip from Honolulu, it is evident that nothing short of bloody revolution will mollify their wounded pride. No trouble is impending in Hawaii; none is likely to break out.

DURING an examination of pensioners drawing stipends under the Dependent Relatives law one man was found who is receiving \$30 a year because he has a corn on each of his great toes. No wonder Farnham post revolted.

EX-MINISTER STEVENS declares that Hawaii now has the best government it ever has had. He believes that the islands ought to be annexed, ultimately, and commends the caution exercised by the present administration.

WHEN James Russell Lowell asked: "What is so rare as a day in June?" he didn't know anything about the June of 1903. Its rareness thus far bears a wet and soggy resemblance to the rareness of April and May.

GOVERNOR FLOWER of New York is invulnerable to the appeals for clemency in cases of convicted murderers. He resolutely demands that the law shall take its course. Two will be killed next week.

THERE isn't much financial hope for the world's fair if the 30,000 united presbyterians of the country and the 10,000 christians of Jackson persist in their determination to stay away.

GROVER will make no appointments until his return from Hay Island. Every officeholder will wish him splendid success in snaring the coy sucker while he remains away.

WARD McALLISTER is in Chicago, and the fact that he has not been and bagged and thrown into the lake speaks volumes for Chicago's spirit of christian forgiveness.

SO LONG as Dr. Briggs does not take to the lecture platform or attempt to state in a three-act melodrama, a generous public will forgive his heresies.

FROM the silence which has succeeded the appointment of Editor Quimby, it must be that Ajax Dan has ceased to defy the bolts of Jove.

WAS IT MORPHINE?

Mrs. Alice Kitchen died at 1 o'clock this morning under circumstances that are regarded as suspicious. She lived at No. 35 Monroe street above Ford's art store, in rooms across the hall from the old French club rooms. She was taken sick about 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon, and Dr. Penwarden was called. He remained four hours, but she continued to grow worse and sank into a comatose condition. Dr. Patterson was called in, and afterwards Dr. Kelly, but the woman steadily sank until 1 o'clock, when she died. Dr. Patterson stated that her symptoms were suggestive of morphine poisoning, and that it seemed probable she had swallowed the drug. In the afternoon Dr. Penwarden gave her a grain of morphine, but the doctor did not believe this could have produced the symptoms. Another tenant in the block stated that Mrs. Kitchen swallowed a pin about ten days ago, and suggested that this might have caused her death; but Dr. Patterson did not see it that way. The deceased was a pretty woman about 25 or 28 years old. She lived with her husband in the room, and the neighbors have never noticed any signs of domestic trouble. Kitchen could give no additional information concerning his wife's illness. The circumstances were so peculiar that Coroner Locher was notified.

WEST FULTON STREET.

Discussed by the Aldermen Last Night—Their Views.

The common council committee did little last night except to listen to appeals from assembled citizens. The committee on licenses held a short session, and will have a report for Monday night. In the absence of business the aldermen talked of the matter of opening West Fulton street on the north line of John Hall Park. Alderman Schmidt of the ninth ward said he was working for his constituents. The spring election turned in the ninth ward almost wholly on the matter of opening that street. He said it would not make a bad cut with a 9 per cent grade, and would land posterity on the hill at the top of the hill about where the zoological garden now stands. He had no faith in the other schemes proposed to run the road up one of the valleys or of running it to the gate of the park.

Alderman Hansen said he would prefer to see the street opened to the east line of the park so that the cars could run to the park entrance. If the street could not be opened to the park without extending it to the city limits he was in favor of making the cut through the hill. He believed that the opening of the cars nearer to the park should be made possible. Alderman Teaschout was opposed to making the cut for a half dozen reasons. He said such a cut would spoil the approach to the park. Now a person enters the park by a gracefully winding drive. He passes the pretty little grove with its sparkling stream of limpid water and is at once in the prettiest spot in the whole park. He would sooner walk from the big ditch the rest of his natural life than to see the cut made through the hill.

Alderman Campbell said he understood Turner & Carroll had offered to give a right of way for a street in the first valley leading through the hills north of Fulton street. One of the aldermen suggested the advisability of opening the street to the east park line, then along the east park line to Butterworth avenue, so that the Shawmut and Butterworth avenue lines could both run to the park, forming a sort of loop line. This plan seemed to strike most of the aldermen favorable. Many of them will visit the park and look over the ground before any action is taken. At present there are but eight aldermen who favor the cutting of the street on the line of Fulton street to the city limits.

Will Be a Clean City.

Next Monday a resolution will be offered instructing the highway commissioner to see that all filthy places in alleys are cleaned. The property owners will be notified to clean these places, and if it is not done the city will clean them and tax the property. This action will be taken to have the places in which the choicest gases might thrive when hot weather comes cleaned out. The board of health has a corps of inspectors which is rapidly ordering the cleaning of foul places.

Laid Up in Church.

BIRMINGHAM, Mich., June 1.—James A. Peabody was stricken with heart failure on Decoration day at Pontiac. He had just concluded reading a paper to the G. A. R. veterans when he collapsed. He is still unable to be removed from the congregational church, where the G. A. R. veterans have placed him. Lieutenant Peabody served all through the war, and is on the totally disabled list. He owns a beautiful farm at Gilbert lake, four miles west of Birmingham. He was once a member of the legislature.

Found in His Shoes.

MEMORIE, Mich., June 1.—The safe of the Chicago & Northwestern ticket office was robbed of \$150 yesterday. It was supposed to be the work of professional burglars. Examination, however, shows no signs of force. Last night Ticket Agent Robert C. Milligan was arrested as he was about to board a south-bound train for Milwaukee, and the money was found secreted in his shoes. Milligan is the young man who took the place of the striking telegrapher and ticket agent two weeks ago.

Engineer Ring is Free.

HARRISON, Mich., June 1.—George W. Ringer, the Ann Arbor engineer, who had charge of the train wrecked near Farside on April 17, was released yesterday afternoon. He had been examined on a charge of murder, but there was not evidence enough to warrant holding him over to the circuit court. The examination has been an interesting one. Ringer was one of the "scab" engineers, and it was held that he was culpably ignorant.

Pitzgerald is Discharged.

DETROIT, Mich., June 1.—W. H. Fitzgerald, manager of the Detroit Electric Light company, was discharged by Judge Sheahan in police court shortly after 12 o'clock today. The court made this decision on the ground that the charge of bribing Alderman Protiva was not supported by sufficient evidence. A large audience was present when the court made its decision, and there was considerable hissing over the unexpected result.

To Be Held in Detroit.

NEW YORK, June 1.—The New Jerusalem church of the United States is holding general convention here. The time and place of next convention has been set for June 9, 1894, at Detroit, Mich.

Justices Look at Land.

LANSING, Mich., June 1.—Several of the justices of the supreme court are looking over Lansing property with a view to securing desirable locations before the law requiring them to live in Lansing takes effect September 1.

Judge Long and McGrath will probably board for a year or so, but the others will begin housekeeping here early in September.

Her Pitiful End.

KALAMAZOO, Mich., June 1.—Mrs. Nellie Verwey, aged over 70 years, has been feeling bad during the past few days. Suddenly she became lame. Early this morning she arose, before the other members of the family went out doors, stripped off all her clothing and fell headfirst into a new cistern and was drowned. The body was found by her son.

Parson Arney and His Bids.

SARASOT, Mich., June 1.—Parson J. W. Arney, formerly of Sarasota, now of Lake Odessa, has given up his horse all together and now rides a bicycle. He made the run from Lake Odessa to Sarasota in four days, and collected \$30 on the way in 2 hours and 8 minutes. The parson is about as fast on his wheel as he used to be behind his flyers.

Horse Thieves at Monroe.

MONROE, Mich., June 1.—A horse and buggy in the money were stolen from Mrs. Willett's livery stable last night. Two strangers who worked at the barn are missing and are supposed to be the thieves. The horse and buggy have been recovered at Dundee and the thieves escaped to Toledo.

Falling Light Burns.

LANSING, Mich., June 1.—Michael Salewsky tried to hang a lamp last night. The lamp fell and set fire to the room. Both the man and his wife were seriously, perhaps fatally burned. Two children received painful burns. The house was saved.

Preparing for Next Sunday.

CHICAGO, June 1.—The powers that be at Jackson Park are not greatly exercised over the court proceedings in which it is sought to close the fair on Sundays. Director of Works Burnham today issued an order to the department chiefs instructing them to have their buildings ready for visitors next Sunday. While the director of works had no official information to give regarding his reasons, he is understood to take it for granted that the decision of the court will be in favor of the exposition's side of the case.

One Strain of Harmony.

CHICAGO, June 1.—All is now serene in the musical department of the world's fair. The demand of the national commission for Theodore Thomas' resignation has been recalled, and the musical director will continue his duties as a subordinate of Director General Davis, whose authority he was inclined to dispute. Mr. Thomas does not resume his duties without some restrictions.

Machine Company Fails.

CANTON, Ohio, June 1.—The J. H. McLean Machine company, J. H. McLean and Frank C. McLean, made an assignment today. Liabilities, \$175,000; assets, \$125,000. The personal property of J. H. McLean is valued at \$75,000. The creditors are mostly eastern men.

Killed His Mistress.

COLUMBUS, Ind., June 1.—At 6 o'clock this evening Ralph Drake shot and killed his mistress, Ida Ward. Drake fired three bullets through the woman's head and two through his own brain. The woman died in ten minutes, but Drake will live and was taken to jail.

Bowen and Abbott Matched.

NEW ORLEANS, June 1.—The Crescent City club tonight signed preliminary articles for a fight at 135 pounds between Andy Bowen and Staunton Abbott for a \$5,000 purse next August.

Kansas City Waiters Strike.

KANSAS CITY, June 1.—Union waiters in nearly every restaurant in town, to the number of 125, are on a strike.

STATE PRESS SENTIMENT.

A Newark Chinaman is said to have gone insane through fear that he would be returned to China under the provisions of the Geary law. Just how he figured it out that he would be one of the few dozen whose expenses the government is able to pay is not known; but the case is interesting inasmuch as it is the first in which anyone has objected to being removed from New Jersey—Detroit Tribune.

There seems to be something about the ministry to the Hague that require a Michigan man to fill the position. In the last twenty years the post has been held by James Birney of Bay City and Charles E. Corham of Marshall, and now Brother Quimby of Detroit will go to that historic resort—Jackson Park.

The Kline capital punishment bill failed, but it has opened a discussion that will pave the way for a practical and sensible enactment two years hence. The press and people of the state will not rest until a proper penalty is provided for homicidal crime.—Saginaw Courier-Herald.

There has been no contraction of the currency since the election, but there has been a contraction of confidence. Probably this is the cause of bank failures and numerous strikes.—Cedar Springs Clipper.

POINTS ABOUT MEN.

As Pope Leo grows older he seems to be more and more favorable to republican institutions. In an audience which he granted last Thursday to Victor Vogue at the vatican, he affirmed in more forcible language than ever his views in favor of the French republic and of democratic governments in general.

Rev. Thomas Spurgeon sailed from New Zealand for Singapore on May 20. He will spend some time in Chicago, assisting Mr. Moody in his evangelistic work. He is said to be an earnest and convincing speaker, though suffering, of course, from the inevitable contract with his late father.

Haffkine, the Russian bacteriologist, believes that he has discovered an anti-cholera lymph. He writes to M. Pasteur from India that he has vaccinated him of persons at Agra, 125 miles southeast of Delhi, including the general in command.

General William Mahone of Virginia has permanently retired from politics, leaving the republicans of that state without a leader. He is quite wealthy, and says that public life has no rewards nor temptations for him.

Harriet Beecher Stowe is living her childhood over again, cutting out paper dolls and singing the old time songs and hymns and nursery ballads. Her health seems to grow better as her mind loses itself.

Jose Ives Limantour, the young French Mexican who has filled the post of acting finance minister in Mexico, has been appointed minister to succeed M. Romero, who has resigned.

President Cleveland has accepted an invitation to attend the celebration of the twenty-fifth anniversary of Cornell university next October.

MOTEL CHAUV.

John L. E. Kelly of San Jose, California, was a guest in The New Livingston yesterday. Mr. Kelly was a newspaper man in Grand Rapids twenty-five years ago, and has not been back here since 1871. "I'd know the town, though," remarked Mr. Kelly yesterday afternoon, while he and John Fair were swapping reminiscences in The Morton. There are a good many old land marks left yet—though I can wonder about the streets without danger of being lost. There have been countless changes, though, since I was here, and Grand Rapids was an overgrown country village, with perhaps 10,000 inhabitants. The Geary law is not meeting with marked favor in California," said Mr. Kelly in speaking of Golden State matters. "There is a popular sentiment that Chinese immigration restrictions were already severe enough before the enactment of the Geary law. California has no more Chinese, and that is a good thing. I don't know what the state would do without them. They are invaluable in their way, and have been of incalculable benefit to the state. The claim that they never become Americanized is absurd. They are just as good Americans as these Hittitoids in wooden shoes and disease-infected clothing, who run about the streets of the eastern cities. A Chinaman can speak English after he has been here six months. He can play poker by that time, and if draw poker isn't an American game I don't know what is. He rapidly acquires all the Yankee vices and many of the virtues, and in a number of respects becomes as thoroughly Americanized as any foreigner that comes to these shores. He is a good workman and does not require watchful care. Chinese laborers will do as much work without a foreman as with one. Set them to work and they will continue as steady as a clock all day. Their worst faults are cleanliness and excessive gambling. There is no game of chance that a Chinaman will not invent. They play the lottery every day and gamble in Chinese ways that are peculiarly their own. I've seen them throw two quarts of Chinese coppers in the center of a table and bet on the number, or odd or even. They draw them out with books, and will make remarkably close guesses at the number of coins. There are about 2,000 Chinese in San Jose, but I don't believe we should care to lose them."

S. S. Olds of Lansing, familiarly known to Michigan politicians as "Sky" Olds, drifted into The Morton yesterday from the capital city. Mr. Olds wore the latest thing in Fedoras hats, and had the appearance of being on very good terms with himself and the remainder of the universe. There wasn't a speck of dust on his patent leather shoes, and his trousers bore evidence of having recently been creased. In fact, Mr. Olds was looking remarkably well. "I don't know a single thing in the line of politics," he remarked, as he settled down in a chair and decorated a radiator with one of his immaculate patent leathers. "There has been a rumor floating about Lansing that General Alger would attempt to win the United States senatorship from Senator McMillan at the coming election, but I am inclined to believe the story lacks the element of truth. It is possible that there may have been some disagreements between General Alger and Senator McMillan, but I do not think Alger wants to be United States senator, and neither do I think he will be a candidate. It is a little early to begin the discussion of the senatorial election. I am still with Senator Stockbridge, and with his relations may continue indefinitely. The senator is now in Kalamazoo, but has spent most of the time in Chicago since the senate adjourned."

"It seems as if we have had something over 400 bell boys since Monday night," said Frank Irish of the New Livingston last evening. "They all want to go to Chicago and assist in managing the world's fair. They work two or three days longer, enough to be able to say that they have had some experience, and then they fly. The boys somehow imagine that there is a wealth of tips waiting for them in Chicago hotels if they can only get there, and they're bound to go."

S. M. Moore, a prominent Chicago capitalist, arrived in The Morton last night. He was accompanied by his daughter and son-in-law, Mr. and Mrs. E. N. Wiley and their son, Silas Moore Wiley. The party were on their way to Charlevoix.

Henry R. Pattengill of Lansing, superintendent of public instruction and editor of the Michigan School Moderator, was a guest in the New Livingston for breakfast yesterday morning.

Judge M. V. Montgomery of Lansing took breakfast in The Morton yesterday morning while on his way home from Muskegon.

W. H. Wiend of Coldwater, superintendent of the state public schools, arrived in the New Livingston last evening.

N. W. Mather, a Howard City business man, is a guest in The Morton. He is accompanied by his wife and family.

George H. Lathrop of Detroit, inspector general of the Michigan state troops, is registered in The Morton.

C. A. Gowan of Lansing, ex-superintendent of the state reform school, was a late arrival in The Morton last night.

Willie M. Slosson of Reed City, deputy collector of internal revenue, is a guest in The Morton.

L. T. Kinney of Woodville, formerly sheriff of Kent county, dined in The Morton yesterday.

R. G. Peters, the well-known Manistee lumberman, is registered in The Morton.

Monroe—P. Hoffmaster, Battle Creek; H. H. Northrup, Flint; H. Updegraff, Reed City; O. G. Beach, Dowagiac; A. C. Frost, Manistee; F. H. Smith, Fremont.

Sweet's—H. D. McDuffie, Allegan; A. P. Corbitt, E. Hayes, Kalamazoo; H. M. Flint, James McAllister, Battle Creek; J. G. Road, Detroit; P. S. Myers, Woodbury.

NEW LIVINGSTON.—F. M. Gillespie and wife, Holland; J. G. Van Winkle, Sparta; H. A. Wolf, Muskegon; H. Potts, Grand Haven; T. C. Beach, St. Johns; C. L. Fleming, St. Louis.

EMERSON.—J. Irish, Baldwin; B. H. Batesman, Ionia; D. D. Reardon, Ludington; F. R. Hulbert, St. Ignace.

KENT.—H. Underwood Jackson, Lewis Terschiller, Big Rapids; J. A. Kerr, Detroit; J. B. Goodall, Muskegon; W. H. Hooker and wife, Brainerd; F. T. Boies, Nacelle.

CLARENCE.—B. Cleveland, Coopersville; A. Barker, Detroit; Orion Easley, Berlin; William Olney, Vesper; Frank Pierce, Lilley; George Cathers, Ionia.

BELLEVILLE.—A. L. Powers, Kent City; Miss Ella Gayden, Detroit; E. M. Smith, Cedar Springs; Edwin Pettis, Ada; John Verhuyzen, Zealand; D. L. McLeod, Sparta; C. W. Enos, Allegan.

PUT NEW SUITS ON THE BOYS!

THE SALE IS ON.

Merchants, as well as mothers, are wondering how it is possible for us to fit the Boys out with such swell looking, nice fitting Suits for so trifling a price. Who ever heard before of a substantial Two-Piece Suit for \$1.25? Mothers, visit our Children's Department, it is full of wonders and

New Wrinkles In Children's Wear.

That will make all other stocks look tame. We've put a price on our Boys' Suits that should win every sale made. Come and let us prove to you that we know our business, and can not only save you more money, but show more styles than the other fellows. You should see the great line of Junior and Recker Suits. The Kilt Suits, 2 1/2 to 6 years. Wash Sailor Suits—two or three dollars, will surprise you in the values you receive.

Great Returns in Our Boys'

\$1.25, \$1.50, \$2, \$2.50, \$3, \$3.50 and \$4 Suits.

If there's hint enough here to make you look, the rest will follow.

Houseman Donnelly AND Jones
MANUFACTURERS AND RETAILERS OF
RELIABLE CLOTHING
34 - 36 - 38 - MONROE - ST.

A LIGHT BURSE IS A HEAVY CURSE
It is if You Start Out To See the World's Fair, But if You Come Into Our Establishment

Astonished you will be to see how far a little money will go and how many things it will buy.

Our Refrigerators

for instance. We are selling them at prices that would Astonish a Native of Haiti.

Then there are our

OIL TOROSES

Cheap, durable, practical.

BAKER FISHING LAMPS

Better than the best.

Factory Milk Cans, Chicago Milk Cans, Cream Cans.

BLUE ROCK CLAY PIGEONS

The best target in the country.

A full supply always on hand and we can supply Gun Clubs at a moment's notice.

Loaded Shells, Shot Powder and Cartridges, all sizes, all kinds, all best makes.

FOSTER STEVENS & CO.
MONROE ST.